

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6

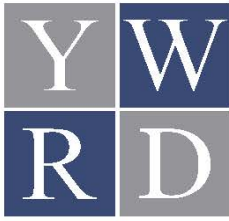
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
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YWRD, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Greer Yeldell, CPA | Tracie Wood, CPA | Joyce Reeve, CPA | Bryan Thomas, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Ellis County Emergency Services District #6

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of Ellis County Emergency Services District #6, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ellis County Emergency Services District #6's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of Ellis County Emergency Services District #6, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Ellis County Emergency Services District #6, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ellis County Emergency Services District #6's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ellis County Emergency Services District #6's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ellis County Emergency Services District #6's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit .

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

YWRD, P.C.

YWRD, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

Ennis, Texas
July 3, 2024

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Ellis County Emergency Services District #6, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,463,961 (net position), of which \$731,368 is unrestricted and available for use within the District's policies.
- The District's total net position decreased by \$82,413.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$720,654 or 58.6% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. The government-wide and fund financial statements have been combined using a columnar format that reconciles individual line items of fund financial data to government-wide data in a separate column on the face of the financial statements rather than at the bottom of the statements or in an accompanying schedule.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The governmental activity of the District consists of fire protection and emergency medical services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District currently maintains one governmental fund.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The combined government-wide and fund financial statements provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

All of the District's activity is maintained in one individual governmental fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11-19 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's general fund Budget Comparison Schedule. Required supplementary information can be found on page 21 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,463,961 as of September 30, 2023.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6'S NET POSITION

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 807,247	\$ 786,603
Capital assets	1,885,864	2,063,691
Total assets	<u>2,693,111</u>	<u>2,850,294</u>
Long term liabilities	153,271	234,530
Other liabilities	75,879	69,390
Total liabilities	<u>229,150</u>	<u>303,920</u>
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	1,732,593	1,829,161
Unrestricted	731,368	717,213
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 2,463,961</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,546,374</u></u>

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year data to conform with the current year presentation.

The District uses capital assets to provide fire protection and emergency medical services; consequently these assets are not available for future spending.

Analysis of the District's Operations. The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the year ended September 30, 2023. Governmental activities decreased the District's net position by \$82,413.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 30,414	\$ 3,000
General revenues:		
Property taxes	1,190,326	1,060,535
Interest	7,535	1,431
Miscellaneous	12,179	17,971
Total revenues	<u>1,240,454</u>	<u>1,082,937</u>
Expenses:		
Public safety	1,322,867	1,107,622
Total expenses	<u>1,322,867</u>	<u>1,107,622</u>
Change in net position	(82,413)	(24,685)
Net position - beginning, as restated	2,546,374	2,571,059
Net position - ending	<u><u>\$ 2,463,961</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,546,374</u></u>

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year data to conform with the current year presentation.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the sole fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance as well as total fund balance was \$720,654. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance as well as total fund balance represents 58.6% of total expenditures. The fund balance of the District's general fund increased \$5,367 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. Actual general fund revenues of \$1,232,831 exceeded budgeted revenues of \$1,203,580 by \$29,251. Actual general fund expenditures of \$1,222,914 exceeded budgeted expenditures of \$1,203,580 by \$19,334.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2023 amounts to \$1,885,864 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes building and machinery and equipment.

Capital Assets at Year-End Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Building	\$ 740,605	\$ 737,247
Machinery and equipment	1,145,259	1,326,444
Total	<u>\$ 1,885,864</u>	<u>\$ 2,063,691</u>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 3.D on page 18 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt of \$153,271.

Outstanding Debt at Year End Notes Payable

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Notes payable	\$ 153,271	\$ 234,530

Additional information on the District's debt can be found in note 3.E on page 18-19 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In the 2023-2024 budget, the District's revenues are budgeted to increase by \$117,203 or 9.74% over the budget for fiscal year 2023.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Ellis County Emergency Services District #6, PO Box 2521, Waxahachie, Texas 75168.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2023

	General Fund	Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 787,596	\$ -	\$ 787,596
Accounts receivable	19,651	-	19,651
Capital assets:			
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)	-	1,885,864	1,885,864
Total Assets	\$ 807,247	\$ 1,885,864	2,693,111
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 26,064	-	\$ 26,064
Accrued payroll payable	44,138	-	44,138
Accrued interest	-	5,677	5,677
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	-	82,354	82,354
Due in more than one year	-	70,917	70,917
Total Liabilities	70,202	158,948	229,150
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	16,391	(16,391)	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,391	(16,391)	-
FUND BALANCE			
Unassigned	720,654	(720,654)	-
Total Fund Balance	720,654	(720,654)	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 807,247		
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		1,732,593	1,732,593
Unrestricted		731,368	731,368
Total Net Position		\$ 2,463,961	\$ 2,463,961

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments (Note 2)</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 1,184,591	\$ 5,735	\$ 1,190,326
Interest	7,535	-	7,535
Intergovernmental	30,414	-	30,414
Other	12,179	-	12,179
Total Revenues	<u>1,234,719</u>	<u>5,735</u>	<u>1,240,454</u>
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES			
Current:			
Contract Fire - ESD#6 VFD	208,978	(12,529)	196,449
Contract Fire - Forreston VFD	119,849	-	119,849
Utilities	360	-	360
Administration and office	534,498	-	534,498
Due and memberships	1,100	-	1,100
Training	1,723	-	1,723
Communications equipment	23,800	-	23,800
Legal	5,065	-	5,065
Appraisal district	9,767	-	9,767
Audit	18,632	-	18,632
Collection fee	21,115	-	21,115
Insurance	140,876	-	140,876
Reserve funds	18,117	-	18,117
Depreciation	-	225,577	225,577
Capital expenditures:			
Capital improvements fund	35,221	(35,221)	-
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	81,259	(81,259)	-
Interest charges	8,992	(3,053)	5,939
Total debt service	<u>90,251</u>	<u>(84,312)</u>	<u>5,939</u>
Total Expenditures/Expenses	<u>1,229,352</u>	<u>93,515</u>	<u>1,322,867</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,367	(5,367)	-
Change in Net Position	-	(82,413)	(82,413)
Fund Balance/Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated	<u>715,287</u>	<u>1,831,087</u>	<u>2,546,374</u>
Fund Balance/Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 720,654</u>	<u>\$ 1,743,307</u>	<u>\$ 2,463,961</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities, the only type of activities conducted by the District, are supported by property taxes and other various nonexchange transactions.

B. Reporting entity

The Ellis County Emergency Services District #6 (District) is a grassroots government created by voters in an area to fund fire protection, emergency medical services, or both. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District applies the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, to determine which governmental organizations should be included in the reporting entity. The inclusion or exclusion of component units is based on the elected official's accountability to their constituents. The financial reporting entity follows the same accountability. In addition, the financial statements of the reporting entity should allow the user to distinguish between the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and discretely presented component units. Criteria for inclusion of an entity into the primary governmental unit (in blended or discrete presentation) includes, but is not limited to, legal standing, fiscal dependency, imposition of will and the primary recipient of services. The District presently has no component units included within its reporting entity.

C. Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement of activities demonstrates what the District provided with the revenues raised.

D. Basis of presentation - fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of presentation - fund financial statements (continued)

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

E. Budgetary and compliance information

1. Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis on the budgetary basis of accounting for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

2. Compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions

The District has no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions, including the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

3. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The General fund expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$19,334. This excess was funded by excess revenues.

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance/net position

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

2. Receivables and allowances for doubtful accounts

All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is the lesser of 0.2 percent of the tax levy for each fiscal year or the outstanding property taxes for each fiscal year at year end.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance/net position (continued)

The District's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property. Appraised values are established by the Elis Appraisal District as market value and assessed at 100% of appraised value. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The Ellis County Tax Assessor/Collector bills and collects the District's property taxes which are due October 1. Full payment can be made prior to the next January 31 to avoid penalty and interest charges. Over time substantially all property taxes are collected.

3. Capital assets

The District's capital assets, which include a building and machinery and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Building and machinery and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Building	15-40
Machinery and equipment	5-20

4. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance/net position (continued)

5. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position.

6. Net position flow assumption

Net position represent the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets —This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position —This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations.

Unrestricted net position —This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

7. Fund balance flow assumption

The governmental fund financials present fund balance categorized based on the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the specific purposes for which a government's funds may be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid items) or are required to be maintained intact.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance/net position (continued)

Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance—amounts that represent fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. Positive balances are reported only in the general fund.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of restricted and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financials statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, restricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet and the combined statement of activities and governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance include an adjustments column that reconciles the amounts reported in the governmental funds to show how each would change when reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds and because long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The adjustment to report these amounts included an increase in capital assets of \$1,885,864 and an increase in noncurrent liabilities of \$153,271.

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The adjustment to report these amounts included a decrease in expenditures in the amount of \$47,750.

Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditure in governmental funds. The adjustment to report these amounts included an increase in depreciation expense in the amount of \$225,577.

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., note payable) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Notes payable retired amounted to \$81,259.

Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but does not require the use of current financials resources; therefore, accrued interest expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The adjustments to report these amounts included an increase in current liabilities of \$5,677 and a decrease in interest expense in the amount of \$3,053.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)

Receivables not estimated to be collectible within sixty days after the balance sheet date are not considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements. However, in the governmental-wide financial statements these amounts are recognized as revenues. The adjustments to report these amounts included a decrease in unavailable revenue of \$16,391 and an increase in property taxes in the amount of \$5,735.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – ALL FUNDS

A. Cash deposits with financial institutions

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully insured or collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or obligations of Texas and its agencies that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. At year end the bank balance of the District's deposits was \$829,709, of which \$470,783 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining uninsured balance of \$358,926, was covered by collateral pledged in the District's name by the safekeeping department of the pledging bank's agent and had a fair value of \$950,000.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year end, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Receivables:	
<u>Taxes</u>	\$ 32,638
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	(12,987)
Net total receivables	<u><u>\$ 19,651</u></u>

C. Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – ALL FUNDS (continued)

D. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	\$ 957,502	\$ 35,221	\$ -	\$ 992,723
Machinery and equipment	3,102,382	12,529	-	3,114,911
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>4,059,884</u>	<u>47,750</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,107,634</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building	(220,255)	(31,863)	-	(252,118)
Machinery and equipment	(1,775,938)	(193,714)	-	(1,969,652)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,996,193)</u>	<u>(225,577)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,221,770)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated (net)	<u>2,063,691</u>	<u>(177,827)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,885,864</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,063,691</u>	<u>\$ (177,827)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,885,864</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities	<u>\$ 225,577</u>
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E. Long-term liabilities

Notes Payable -

Notes payable currently outstanding and reported as liabilities of the District's governmental activities are:

	<u>Note Amount</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Year-end Balance</u>	<u>Collateral</u>
\$	402,042	10/04/2023	3.85%	\$ 46,898	Vehicle
	354,546	10/15/2025	3.85%	106,373	Vehicle
				<u>\$ 153,271</u>	

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – ALL FUNDS (continued)

E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows -

Year Ending September 30	Notes Payable	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 82,354	\$ 5,863
2025	35,455	2,730
2026	35,462	1,365
	<u>\$ 153,271</u>	<u>\$ 9,958</u>

Changes in long-term liabilities -

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Notes payable	\$ 234,530	\$ -	\$ (81,259)	\$ 153,271	\$ 82,354
Long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 234,530</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (81,259)</u>	<u>\$ 153,271</u>	<u>\$ 82,354</u>

F. Prior period adjustment

Corrections have been made to the governmental activities' beginning net position in the government-wide financial statements due to errors in the recording of financial transactions in the prior period, resulting in an understatement of accounts payable, an overstatement of net position, and an understatement of expenditures in the prior year. The changes to the beginning net position as of October 1, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Fund Financial Statements	Government-wide Statements
	General	Governmental Activities
As previously reported, October 1, 2022	\$ 733,782	\$ 2,564,869
Correct understatement of accounts payable	(18,495)	(18,495)
Restated, October 1, 2022	<u>\$ 715,287</u>	<u>\$ 2,546,374</u>
Effect of restatement on operations for the year ending September 30, 2022:	<u>\$ (18,495)</u>	<u>\$ (18,495)</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Major Governmental Fund

This supplementary schedule is included to supplement the basic financial statements as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

ELLIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #6
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual GAAP Basis	Adjustments Budget Basis	Actual Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 1,202,330	\$ 1,184,591	\$ (1,888)	\$ 1,182,703	\$ (19,627)
Interest	1,250	7,535	-	7,535	6,285
Intergovernmental	-	30,414	-	30,414	30,414
Other	-	12,179	-	12,179	12,179
Total Revenues	<u>1,203,580</u>	<u>1,234,719</u>	<u>(1,888)</u>	<u>1,232,831</u>	<u>29,251</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Contract Fire - ESD#6 VFD	213,800	208,978	(2,850)	206,128	(7,672)
Contract Fire - Forreston VFD	176,092	119,849	(1,615)	118,234	(57,858)
Utilities	360	360	-	360	-
Administration and office	559,083	534,498	(1,973)	532,525	(26,558)
Due and memberships	1,125	1,100	-	1,100	(25)
Training	2,000	1,723	-	1,723	(277)
Communications equipment	25,000	23,800	-	23,800	(1,200)
Legal	5,000	5,065	-	5,065	65
Appraisal district	10,000	9,767	-	9,767	(233)
Audit	10,000	18,632	-	18,632	8,632
Collection fee	-	21,115	-	21,115	21,115
Insurance	108,000	140,876	-	140,876	32,876
Reserve funds	-	18,117	-	18,117	18,117
Capital expenditures:					
Capital improvements fund	-	35,221	-	35,221	35,221
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	93,120	81,259	8,992	90,251	(2,869)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	8,992	(8,992)	-	-
Total debt service	<u>93,120</u>	<u>90,251</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>90,251</u>	<u>(2,869)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,203,580</u>	<u>1,229,352</u>	<u>(6,438)</u>	<u>1,222,914</u>	<u>19,334</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,367</u>	<u>\$ 4,550</u>	<u>\$ 9,917</u>	<u>\$ 9,917</u>

1. Budgetary basis of accounting

The annual budget for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. Appropriations in the budgeted fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

2. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund by \$19,334. This excess was funded by excess revenues.